

Soul Winning Resources

Compiled by Rodney Keister
EvangelismMission.com

Recommended Books & Bibles

- ◇ [The Soul Winners Secret](#) by Samuel Brengle
- ◇ [How to Win Souls and Influence People](#) by Ray Comfort
- ◇ [Conquer Your Fear, Share Your Faith](#) by Kirk Cameron
- ◇ [One Thing You Can't Do in Heaven](#) by Mark Cahill
- ◇ [Classic Soul Winner's New Testament \(KJV\)](#)
buy at AnchorBibleConcepts.com 615-860-6800

Tracts

- ◇ Our Tracts: Tracts.EvangelismMission.com
- ◇ Million Dollar Bills, Curved Illusions, and many more:
Living Waters LivingWaters.com or 800-437-1893
- ◇ Scripture Booklets: World Missionary Press www.wmpress.org
- ◇ Ark Million Dollar Bills:
<https://answersingenesis.org/store/product/noahs-ark-gospel-tract/>
- ◇ Old Paths Tract Society 812-247-2560
- ◇ PinPointEvangelism.com

Training and Open Air Preaching Resources:

- ◇ EvangelismMission.com
- ◇ LivingWaters.com
- ◇ PinPointEvangelism.com
- ◇ OpenAirOutreach.com

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FREE SPEECH RIGHTS & COURT RULINGS RELATING TO STREET EVANGELISM & PREACHING

I. Open air preaching is protected by the United States Constitution: “Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.”

II. We have the right to pass out literature, preach, and display signs on public areas (Coates v. Cincinnati 402 U.S. 611 / Edwards v. S. Carolina, 372 U.S. 299 / Furr v. Town of Swansea, F. Supp. 1543).

III. We have the right to exercise our religion and speak in all quintessential public forums (Frisby vs. Schultz, 487 U.S. 474 / U.S. v. Grace, 461 U.S. 171, 176).

IV. We have a “guaranteed access” to streets, parks, and other ‘traditional public forum’ and mere inconvenience to the government will not outweigh our free speech interests (Hague v. C.I.O. 307 U.S. 496).

V. Our freedom of speech may not be prohibited merely because it offends some listeners (Cantwell v. Connecticut, 310 U.S. 296 / Simon & Shuster v. New York State Crime Victims Bd, 502 U.S. 105 / N.Y. Ties v. Sullivan, 376 U.S. 254).

VI. A city may not consider the listener’s reaction when permitting free speech activity (Forsyth County v. The Nationalist Movement, 505 U.S. 123).

VII. Hecklers do not have veto power over a speaker’s right of free speech but Police must control a crowd rather than arrest the speaker in order to maintain order (Cox. v. Louisiana, 379 U.S. 536).

VIII. We have the right to be loud enough to be heard (Saia v. New York, 334 U.S. 1943).

IX. We have the right to be protected by law enforcement if the crowd is offended by what we are preaching and becomes hostile (Hedges v. W.C.U.S.D. No. 118, et al. 9F.3d 1295).

X. Permits are not allowed to be used to restrict a speaker’s right of free expression and permits may not be used as a prior restraint on free speech (Kunz v. New York, 340 U.S. 290).

XI. A free speech lawsuit is a Federal case and allows us to sue Policemen and guards in their official capacity and as individuals (Freedom Restoration Act, Title 42, Section 2000aa.).

XII. A freedom of speech lawsuit will subject them to pay our damages and all our attorney fees (42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988).

Please understand that these rights are for public property. You do not have the same rights on private property and would need permission first or could be “trespassed.” Public universities and colleges are generally public property. Local sound ordinances may be in place and unlawfully restrict your civil rights. If this happens you must weigh the matter as which battle you are willing to wage. Just because something is not constitutional does not stop an officer from arresting or criminally citing you for local ordinance violations costing you time, money, and a criminal record.

This may not be the most up to date case laws on free speech and is not officially legal advice nor is it the whole of the law. There may be some Federal Districts that have new rulings that supersede these. Also understand that while your constitutional rights do exceed local ordinances if unconstitutional, it may need to be proven in court to gain a victory. For Legal help, we suggest you contact www.crelaw.org.

What if a present law or a new law one day condemns us for sharing the Gospel? What should we do? “...We ought to obey God rather than men.” Acts 5:29b

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